A WALL STREET OPERATOR MISSING.

DISAPPEARANCE OF LOUIS D. BULKLEY. OPINIONS OF HIS FRIENDS AS TO HIS ABSENCE-

HIS RELATIVES UNCOMMUNICATIVE. Louis D. Bulkley, a speculator in Wall-st., and a military man of wide acquaintance, has been missing from his boarding-house, No. 50 West Nineteenthinquired after him in every place which he has been in habit of frequenting, but have discovered no traces of him. Finally, William D. Leonard, a member of the firm of Decker, Howells & Co., bankers, the missing man's brother-in-law, called at Pelice Headquarters Yesterday afternoon and informed Inspector Byrnes of Mr. Bulkley's disappearance, and a general alarm was

sent to the various precinct stations.

On January 10, Mr. Bulkley attended the Olf Guard Ball and remained in the Opera House until late. He was in excellent spirits, and, meeting a number of friends among the visiting organizations, he passed the greater part of the night in their company. He did not arise until nearly noon the following day. After taking breakfast at his boarding-house he went down to his office at No. 74 John-st., and thence to Mr. Leonard's office at No. 58 Broadway. Early in the afternoon be went home and took his dinner. All through the day he appeared to be disheartened, and answered questions of his friends in monosyliables. Although ordinarily an exceedingly communicative man, he made little man tion of the ball, and gave no hint that he intended to leave Wall-st. or the city for any time. When he left Mr. Leonard, on Friday night, he was asked if he intended to come down town the next day, and he replied

that he did not know. Mr. Bulkley's relatives are extremely reticent in speaking of his disappearance. They say that the miss-ing man is only visiting some friends in the country, and they are not alarmed; yet they have informed the lice. Some of his friends thought that he had visited his sister in Southport, Coan., but word was sent to her

police. Some of his Friends thought that he may visited his sister in Southport, Conn., but word was sent to her and she replied that she had not seen him.

At the Old Guard Armory it was said last night that Mr. Bulkley was one of the organizers of the company, and had been a member of it since 1868. Before the Old Guard was organized he was a member of the City Guard. He has been elected a captain of one of the companies of the Old Buard, and has unfiltery friends in every large city in the country. The last time that he was seen at the Armory was on January 12, by John Martine, who saw him reading a newspaper. Mr. Bulkley was sixiy years old, and was six feet one inch in height. His face was closely shaven, save for a closely cropped mustache. He was clothed in dark material, and wore a slik hat when he was last seen.

Mr. Bulkley, previous to the panie of 1873, was a member of the firm of Bulkley, Dunton & Co., dealers in paper, at No. 74 John-st. He retired from active business in 1871, and then entered Wall-st. On the famous Black Friday, "he lost nearly \$200,000, and left the street almost a ruined man. About the same date his wife and two children died, but notwithstanding hit roubles he continued to retain his lively spirits. When the panie had become a fining of the past, he again began to speculate in a small way until the day of his disappearance, the was not a wealthy man, but always had authient money to enjoy himself and to live in comparative luxury.

Mr. Martine, who has been a friend of the missing man

My.
Mr. Martine, who has been a friend of the missing man
for a number of years, said to a Tribune reporter that
be thought that Mr. Balkley had entered a tribe too
heavily into speculation recently, and had left the city
until he could get thing straightened out. At his
boarding-house, where Mr. Balkley has lived for the
last ten years, the general impression is that he is dead.

UPS AND DOWNS OF WALL STREET. VILLARD STOCKS ADVANCING-A BREAK IN JERSEY

CENTRAL-HEAVY TRANSACTIONS IN WEST SHORE BONDS.

The Northern Pacific securities, which declined in a marked manner on Wednesday, were the first to advance yesterday. The preferred stock quickly rose nearly three per cent, leading the upward movement. There was a sharp break, however, in the price of Jersey Central stock in the afternoon from 874s to 8342. but in the later dealings the stock rallied to 861s. The recorded transactions amounted to little over 8,000 shares. At the same time Reading stock, which had advanced slightly from the opening, fell from 537g to 5112, but it closed unchanged from the previous day at The fluctuations in these stocks, which have been closely allied since the lease of the Jersey Central to the Reading, attracted a languid interest in Wall Street. The declines were productive of no rumors except one that the Reading had not yet negotiated the proposed col-lateral trust mortgage, in which it included the Jersey Central stock that it bought to secure control of the property. The adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Reading Company to vote on the question of dividends has not been held, and no authoritative statements in regard to their probable action have been made public.

There was renewed setivity in New-York, West Shore and Buffalo 5's yesterday. The transactions, which amounted to over \$6,100,000, have been exceeded only on two previous Jersey Central stock that it bought to secure control of the property. The adjourned meeting of the stockholders of the Reading Company to vote on the

and Buffalo 5's yesterday. The transactions, which amounted to over \$6,100,000, have two previous provided. exceeded only days. Of this amount, over four millions were dealt in before noon. Opening at 52, the bonds rapidly declined to 50% at the close, against 52% yesterday. The fluctuations between these extremes were frequent and rapid. A meeting of the directors of the company has been called for to-day, when a plan for raising money for the company will probably be proposed. Meetings of the managers of the allied companies have been held recently, but at their offices it has been stated that nothing has yet been accomplished. It has been proposed, among other things, to place a mortgage of about \$5,000,000 on the property of the New-York, Ontario and Western Railway, which is controlled in the Interest of the West Shore Company.

At the Windsor Hotel hist evening few brokers were present and the chat and gossip did not touch on West Shore bonds or Jersey Central stock except where remarks were called forth by inquiries of interested persons. The general opinion was that the renewed activity in the bonds was speculative in character and not based on any new facts regarding the condition of the companies. It was reported that a director of the West Shore had said that its financial plans had been matured and all the money needed by strained, but it is under stood that this is premature. A person well informed as to the stitution and that the seles yesterday were made before noon. Opening at 52, the bonds rapidly declined

and all the money needed by at raised, but it is under stood that this is premature. A person well informed as to the situation said that the sales yesterday were made by a praminent operator, who has had no connection with the company, but who was a bear down to 50, and then became a purchaser. The bonds have since rises to 56, and it was suggested that he had realized his profits, and was seeking to depress the price in order to make fresh purchases.

ake fresh purchases.
General E. F. Winslow, president of the North River
matruction Company, said in the evening that he knew
reason for the activity in the West Shore bonds. He
cribed it solely to Wall Street trading. There had been
change in the situation, no action by the company or

ascribed it solely to Wall Street trading. There had been no change in the situation, no action by the company or its allies, nothing whatever during the week to cause a special movement. He had been told that wild rumors of a receivership for West Shore had been circulated when books of the bonds were being thrown upon the market, but there was no more truth in the reports than there had been for the last three months.

The break in Central of New-Jersey stock was ascribed to the effect of a determined raid, not only by operators for an advance, but by traders whose interests have been identified with the "bear" side. The preponderance of opinion was that it was an assault carried out for the purpose of affecting the remainder of the market, so that "short" sales could be covered and "long" stock bought at prices lower than those prevailing sefore the break. "short" sales could be covered and "long" stock boucht
at prices lower than those prevailing before the break.
There is some surprise that the stock was not better
protected by the Reading managers, who, it is believed,
have been supporting it in view of their
proposed is no of collateral trust bonds secured by the
control of the Jersey Central stock. Mention was made
to the afternoon of reports from Philadelphia to the effect
that the Dinsmore suit would be decided in favor of the
plaintif, who is asking that the lease of Jersey Central to
the Reading be annulled. No confirmation of these reports could be obtained.

THE QUAKER DAM PROJECT.

To the Editor of The Tribune. SIR: In your report of the proceedings before the Aquednet Commissioners, on January 21, it is stated that I was heard in opposition to the Quaker dam.

This is incorrect. I favored the immediate construction of the Quaker Bridge dam, and also the auxiliary dam at Muscoot Mountain, and opposed the application for further details of the plan, as a waste of time. Yours respectfully, Joseph Bunedict.

No. 200 Fulton-st., New York, Jan. 23, 1884.

[THE TRIBUNE report did not state that Mr. Benedict was heard in opposition to the Quaker dam project. But there was an error in regard to his exact position as an advocate of immediate construction, which we are glad to correct .- Ed.]

CHARLES DELMONICO'S RECEPTION IN

ORANGE. To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: In common with a host of readers I was ined to read in the usually well-informed and gossipy pained to read in the usually wear and mention of "the Broadway Note-Book" of yesterday mention of "the brutal way in which Charles Delmonico was treated in New Jersey, not even afforded the shelter of a dog, repelled his house and fear kept him from the houses where he would have been welcomed and cared for.

Orange, N. J., Jan. 21, 1884. ORANGE MOUNTAIN.

A CLUB'S MUCH ADD ABOUT NOTHING.

Members of a well-known Club during the past week have been laughing over a little affair in the billiardroom. It seems that one of the youngest and most popu lar young men in the club repaired to that room on a recent rainy day, and finding no one there with whom to cross cues, possessed himself of a piece of chalk and be-gan to execute drawings on the unrufiled surface of the shining green cloth that covered the tables. While engaged in this innocent amusement one of the governors of the club appeared, and noticing the occupation of the idie youth, directed him to desist. Whether he did this simply for the purpose of asserting his proper authority, or because, like the young man he repri-manded, he himself had nothing to do, or whether in his capacity as a popular auctioneer he had become so steeped to the lips with an appreciation of good paintings that the rude billiard table delineations were an artistic offence to him, it is impossible to say. Those in the club who have given attention to this important question are seriously, and, it would appear, hopelessly divided. The young artist refused to discontinue his studies ingreen and white, and the governor thus set at defiance is said to have grown red in the face with rage. He repeated his order, the culprit retorted, and things began to look black Then the governor became abusive and the rash young draughtsman recommended him to seek that destination which far transcends in point of inaccessibility the spot known as the North Pole and is radically different from that place in other important particulars. As is usual in such cases, the party thus adjured refused to leave New-York on any such errand, but cordially promised to re port the unparliamentary language to his associates on

the committee.

This promise he faithfully performed and the billiardtable episode was carnestly discussed by the committee, and the deliberations were illustrated by much eloquent discourse. The chief accuser delivered an address, in which he paused frequently from mere force of habit, but not meeting with force of habit, but not meeting white customary responses, he struggled brilliantly on to the end. He thought he had his fellow-members strongly in his favor at first, but as he proceeded he found them going, and when he had finished they were gone. In other words, the committee decided to censure the language, but the promising young art student was left presumably free to prosecute his studies. "The remarkable spectacle was presented," said the talkative member who is responsible for the above statement of facts, "of an anethoneer positively being sold."

INCIDENTS IN SOCIETY.

The second cotillon ball took place last evening in Deimonico's ball-room. The music balconics were covered with overgreens, studded with red and white camellias, and the chandeliers were entwined with ivy. Ridgway Moore led the german, dancing with Miss Edith Jones. The President and other guests at Mrs. Astor's nner arrived late in the evening. About 250 people were present. Among them were Lionel Suckville West, Corn-wallis West, Count Harmoneour, the Prince of Pless, Arthur Paget, Mr. and Mrs. James Otis, Miss Otis, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic R. Jones, Miss Kean, Juitan Kean, Mr. and Mrs. Emelen Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Adrian Iselin, jr., Mr. and Mrs. J. G. K. Duer, Miss Duer, Mr. and Mrs. Rives, Mrs. Emmet, Miss Emmet, the Messrs. Emmet, Mr. and Mrs. F. Bronson, Mr. and Mrs. Sidney Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Bayard Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Bowdein, Mr. and Mrs. Fearing. Miss McKim, the Misses Ithinelander, Mr. and Mrs. J. Coleman Drayton, Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Fritsch, the Misses Gilbert, Miss Parsons, Miss Van Duzer, Miss Miss Turnure, Mr. Turnure, Miss Langdon, Miss Elliott, Miss Parsons, Miss Swan, Mr. and Mrs. Wetmore, Mr. and Mrs. S. V. R. Cruger, Mrs. Commodore Vanderblit, Mrs. | person. Alexander Van Rensselaer, Mrs. Walker Smith, Miss Lucy Work, Mr. and Mrs. William Jav. Ray Miller, Creighton Webb, Lispenard Stewart, Reginald Rives, Elliott, Miss Beckwith, Brockholst Cutting and Center Hitchcock.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Davis, of No. 21 West Fourteenth-st., gave a reception from 4 to 7 p. m., several hundred people being present. Mrs. F. T. Van Buren, Mrs. Henry S. F. Davis, Miss Davis and Miss Van Buren assisted in receiving the guests. Mrs. Davis were layender satin and lace. Mrs. Henry Davis was attired in white satin and yellow silk, Miss Van Buren wore black velvet and gold fringe, and Miss Davis white satin with garlands of white roses. Among the callers were Mrs. Astor, Miss Astor, Mrs. E. Higgins and Mrs. H. S. Van Buren.

Mrs. Charles Harriman gave a large reception at her house, No. 46 West Twenty-sixth st., in the afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Keicham gave a reception at No. 106 East Sixtoenth-st., to introduce their daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Catlin, Jr., entertained the dancing class of which Miss Catlin is a member at their house, No. 16 East Forty-sifth-st.

Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sioane gave a dinner-party at their house, No. 642 Fifth-ave.

Receptions were held by Mrs. Bache, of Madison-ave., Mrs. Parish, of East Twenty-eighth-st., and Mrs. Gibert, No. 107 East Sixteenth-st.

Dr. and Mrs. Giblian, of No. 98 Remsen-st., Brooklyn. Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Davis, of No. 21 West Fourteenth-st.,

THE PRESIDENT'S MOVEMENTS.

President Arthur went out driving at noon yesterday, returning to the hotel at 2 p.m. He will probably call on General Grant to-day. It is expected that he will return to Washington with Secretaries Folger and Teller by the 3:40 train to-morrow. Among those who called on him were Secretary Teller, Cyrus W. Field, Gardner Sherman, Charles E. Miller, S. K. Knevals, Samuel Wagner, G. P. Wetmore, George R. Schuyler, N. M. Beckwith, General Cullum, Charles A. Peabody, General Joseph B. Carr, Nell Gilmour, Attorney-General Brewster, Cornellus N. Bliss, ex-Governor Fenton, Ellhu Root, John Hoev. J. J. Astor. George B. Loring, Seth Barton French. James R Davies, William Dowd, J. M. Bundy, Justice James R Davies, William Dowd, J. M. Bundy, Justice Patterson, Robert McCord, Bernard Biglin and ex-Attorney-General Wood.

In the evening the President dined with Mrs. William Astor. The rooms were made cheerful with wood fires, groups of plants and several large bouquets. Each lady had a corsage bouquet of pink roses. An orchestra furnished music. After the dinner the party went to the Cotillon Ball. The President sat between Mrs. Astor and Mrs. Paran Stevens, Edwards Pierrepont sitting at the left of the hostess. The others present were Mr. and Mrs. Maturin Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. George Peabody Wetmore, Mr. and Mrs. Others prince von Pless, Arthur Paget, of London, Miss Beckwith, Mr. and Mrs. Delano, Miss Marien Langdon, Colonel and Mrs. S. V. R. Cruger, Lispenard Stewart, Miss Astor and Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Roosevelt.

OCEAN FOYAGERS.

The steamship France sailed yesterday for Havre with Paul Delaroche, Mr. and Mrs. Frederic Reizet, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Sagrista, Felix Le Blanc and Madame E. Vianelli among her passengers.

Among those who sailed by the steamer Orinoco, for Bermuda, were Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Seymour, E. D. Berri, Dr. and Mrs. Brower, Mrs. Carhart, Frederick Denning, D. D. Lloyd, J. C. Lloyd, H. P. Lord, T. E. Lord, Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Mulford, Mrs. J. C. Sanford, J. H. Oglivie, Lieutenant J. Frazer, R. N.; Bruce Benjamin and Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Snow.

WILL THE REV. DR. KERR LEAVE NEW-

A dispatch from Philadelphia was published vesterday afternoon announcing that the Rev. Joseph R. Kerr, pastor of the Fouth Presbyterian Church in this city, had received the unanimous call of the Broad and Oxford Streets Presbyterian Church, in Philadelphia, to its pastorate. The Rev. Mr. Kerr said to a TRIBUNE reporter who called at his house, No. 249 West Thirty-fourth-st, last night: "I have received no official information in regard to this matter. Last night at midnight I received a dispatch from a friend of mine telling me what had been done. I can say now only that I have the matter under advisement, and will consider it carethe matter under advisement, and will consider it carefully before deciding one way or the other. I appreciate the high compliment of such a call, coming from so large and so thoroughly a representative church. I suppose the call was brought about by some of my former parish-ioners in the North United Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, which is only a few blocks from the Broad and Oxford Streets Church. I came from the North Church to my present church either and myself and there is no reason why I should go from it. I suppose some of my old friends planued a surprise for me in this matter."

A RAID UPON A GAMBLING HOUSE.

A raid which had been planned for some time was made by the Brooklyn police last evening upon gambling house recently established at No. Clinton-st. The matter was in hands of Captain Leary, Detective Roche, and Patrolman Stoddard, of the Third Brooklyn Precinct. The bound and the common intercourse between speaking animals, etc. The genial writer of your pleasant "Note-Book" has been led astray. If he will refer to The Orange Chronicle of January 19 he will find that the only residence Mr. Delmondeo called at was that of Mr. R. A. Terhune, where be was taken in and had his breakfast and warmed himself, and when leaving he said he was from Montelair and going to Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabethport. He was observed to take the food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabeth food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabeth food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabeth food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabeth food over the mountain instead of going toward Elizabeth food over the mountain instead of going towa hands of Captain Leary, Detective Roche,

THE RECENT SHIPWRECK.

A NAVAL OFFICER'S OPINIONS.

CAPTAIN WRIGHT SHARPLY CONDEMNED-NEGLECT OF PROPER PRECAUTIONS.

IBT TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNG. Boston, Jan. 24 .- An officer of the United States Navy, of high rank and distinguished services, writes thus to The Journal concerning the loss of the City of Columbus: "I have read carefully all the statements of all the survivors in all the papers, and I gather from them all that the lights on Gay Head and upon the opposite shore were all in sight up to the time of the accident, but I do not see that a single cross bearing of them was taken to define the vessel's position on the chart. Had such bearings been taken, no matter what the course steered, the ship's course would have been defined, and the danger foreseen and avoided. I am afraid few of our coasting steamers take cross bearings on the lights as they see them, or use a chart at all, or even use the lead where other vessels do. The frequency with which they make the passages gives confidence in their judgment, and leads to neglect of the usual rules of navigation. It may be that the City of Columbus struck on a mussel bank outside of the buoy; but whether so or not, she had no usiness to be near it. The buoy was placed as a caution in thick or foggy weather, when the lights cannot be

BRINGING THE BUOY ON THE PORT BOW. "I can very well understand how the captain first saw that buoy on the port side when he first came on deck; the helm had been previously ported (for that was the order he heard which waked him out of his unconscious nap, and which he repeated as he hurried into the pilot nap, and which he repeated as he nurries into the photo-house). That order would naturally swing the vessel's bow to starboard, and bring the buoy on the port bow. I presume that at the same time the bell was rung to slow down; but of that we hear nothing as yet; and then the wind and sea drove her on to the reef inside the buoy.

BLUE LIGHTS OR ROCKETS NEEDED. vessel ought to have had a gun and a supply of rockets and signal lights. Either would have attracted the notice of passing vessels to the wreck, and also the attention of the keeper of the lighthouse, and would have gotten the life-boats to the scene two hours carrier, thus saving, in all probability, many lives. Your correspondent of Fair-haven suggests that a rocket gun and lines might have been used, but I think not in this particular shipwreek, as it was too far from shore and the cliff too abrupt to land at."

The officer who writes this letter also condemns the eager haste of most of the officers to save themselves on the life raft, to the neglect of passengers.

WHAT ONE OF THE OWNERS SAYS. MR NICKERSON ANSWERS THE CHARGES OF INDIF-

FFRENCE AND NEGLECT. [BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Boston, Jan. 24 .- F. W. Nickerson, chief wner in the Savannah Steamship Line, who has been interrogated in regard to the criticisms on the course pursued by the firm in regard to the Gay Head disaster, says: "From the very moment that I learned of the sad calamity I have done everything that possibly could be done. Of couse, my first thought was to provide for the living; and, after having done that, I exerted every energy to take care of the bodies of the dead. We em ployed tug boats to cruise around, and every body they found I ordered should be taken to New-Bedford for identification; and if not identified there, we had them removed to Boston. I openly assert that we have done all that possibly could have been done by any company; and I can also tell you that we have received the thanks of a large number of the mourners, who have called here to express to us their gratitude in

" About the patrol-well, we have done nothing toward providing a patrol, because we do not see how any matebodies that will ever float ashore have already come in and been picked up. We did think that possibly there might be several bodies in the state-rooms of the City of Columbus, and for that reason we employed a diver to search the vessel's cabin. I know the friends of the passengers are anxious, and inclined to be impatient under such trying circumstances; but I ask you or any fair minded person, what more could we do? We have done everything that experience and humanity could suggest, though not legally bound to do a single thing. To be sure, some people have hired tugs of their own, and gone to the scene of the disaster; but notwithstanding this, we had a sufficient number, and all that was really necessary. rial good can come of it. We believe that all the

Another thing which is an injustice is the newspaper charge that the accident was the result of blundering. This is not only unjust but cruel, before any investigation has been made which would warrant such statements. I saw Captain Wright yesterday, and such statements. I saw Captain Wright yesterday, and if ever a man was miserable, that man is the captain of the City of Columbus. I think his remark that 'God only knows what is responsible for the accident,' is the most appropriate comment at present. If, upon investigation, it shall appear that the City of Columbus was 400 yards outside the buoy then it is evident that somebody was to blame for not having discovered that rock there before and set a buoy, over it. A rigid investigation will be made, and the public can rest assured that the blame will be put where it rightfully belongs. Until then I think that justice to the officers of the City of Columbus demands that judgment be suspended."

FEARS FOR CAPTAIN WRIGHT. INV TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.

Boston, Jan. 24.-Captain Schuyler E. Wright, of the steamer City of Columbus, is confined to his house in Dennis-st., Boston Highlands, with a low fever and He went house on a Highland car Tuesday night, com-plaining of fatigue, and looking haggard, and has not hear out time. The house is least outlet and no visitors been out since. The house is kept quiet and no visit are allowed. It is feared that he will have brain fever

A SURVIVOR EMBARKS AGAIN.

(BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.) Boston, Jan. 24.-Captain Hammond, of Gouldsboro, Me., who was one of the passengers on the ill-fated steamer City of Columbus, and who clung to the rigging eleven hours, has pretty good courage. He started again this afternoon for the South, on the Gate City, the npanion boat of the lost steamer. There were, besides uself, seventy-nine first-class and ten steerage passen-

A VICTIM BROUGHT TO THIS CITY. The body of Thomas Gallagher, one of the persons killed at the Gay Head disaster, was sent to this city from New-Bedford yesterday. An undertaker sent a telegram to Mayor Edson on Wednesday stating that the mother of the dead man lived here. Captain Steers was asked to find the woman it possible. She lives at No. 521 Washington-st., where the body was taken.

SEPTUAGENARIAN JUSTICES ..

HAVE THEY A RIGHT TO SIT !- AN INTERESTING ISSUE.

NEWBURG, N. Y., Jan. 24.-Argument has been had before Judge Brown, at chambers here, in an interesting case, involving the right of justices of the peace who are over seventy years of age to officiate in that capacity. Judge Dyckman, at White Plains, on the application of W. H. Ely, issued an alternative writ prohibiting Elias Mann, who was elected a justice of the peace at the last spring election at Tarrytown, and took possession of the office on the 1st instant, from acting as such official. It was made returnable before Judge should not be permanently prohibited from acting as justice of the peace on account of his age, which, it is aljustice of the peace on account of his age, which, it is allaged, is seventy-three years, or three years older than
when it is lawful for judicial officers to hold court. It was
claimed that the law which forbids a Supreme Court
Judge from holding office after he becomes seventy years
of age applies to all committing magistrates, and it has
been stated that if the Courts o holds more than twenty
justices of the peace in Westchester County alone will be
removed from office. The Court took the papers and
promised an early decision.

MARRIAGE OF FREDERICK DOUGLASS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24,-Frederick Douglass, the well-known colored lender, was married in this city this evening to Miss Helen M. Pitts, a white woman, formerly of Avon, New-York. The wedding, which took place at the house of Dr. Grimke, of the Presbyterian church, was private, only two witnesses were present. The first wife of Mr. Douglass, who was a colored woman, died about a year ago. The woman he married to-day is about thirty-five years old, and was employed as a copyist in his office. Mr. Douglass himself is about seventy-three, and has a daughter arold as his present wife.

ASKING MAHONE TO RESIGN.

RICHMOND, Va., Jan. 24 .- The discussion of Senator Newberry's resolution requestions Senator Ma-hone to resign was continued in the State Senate this afternoon and to-night, and a number of foreible speeches were made in favor of and in opposition to its adoption.
The vote upon its passage resulted as follows: Yeas, 23;
nays, 16, a strict party vote. The resolution now goes to
the House of Delegates.

ANOTHER FEDERAL JUDGE TO RESIGN.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.-It is stated upon good authority that United States Gircuit Judge Thomas Drummond will retire from the bench next March. At the close of February of this year he will have completed his thirty-fourth year on the Federal Bench. This entitles him, under the recent retiring not of Congress, to full pay for the remainder of his life. It was Judge Drummond's intention to take action in the matter some days ago, but the unexpected withdrawal of Judge McCrary from the Circuit Bench caused him to delay, owing to his desire not to embarrass the President with two vacancies at the

same time. Judge Drummond is one of the oldest judges of the United States, having been appointed to the United States District in 1850 by President Taylor, and made a Circuit Judge in 1860 by President Grant.

A VISIT TO PETRA.

ILLUSTRATED LECTURE BY EDWARD L. WILSON BE-FORE THE GEOGRAPHICAL FOCIETY.

Before the American Geographical Society in Chickering Hall last night Edward L. Wilson told how he visited Petra and what he saw there. Petra was once the capital of the ancient Kingdom of Edom. Edom is situated in the southeast corner of Palestine, and Petra lies in the narrow valley of the Wady Moosa. The lecture was illustrated with numerous excellent stereopticon views, and was delivered in a pleasant, colloquial style. Mr. Wilson visited the city in 1882, when he organized an expedition for that purpose. It was first visited in modern times by Furckhardt, the Swiss traveller; previous to that for a thousand years its existence appears to have been forgotten.

"The antiquity of Petra," said Mr. Wilson," is unknown. Three thousand years before the Christian it was old and famous, and its history, though extremely interesting, is mysterious and baffling In the Bible it is mentioned as Sela, but this name seems to have passed away with the Hebrew rule over Edom, since no further trace of it is found. The earliest mention of the place under the name of Petra by Greek historians is when two expeditions were sent against the Nabathæ ans in Petra by Antigonus, one of the successors of Alex' ander." Mr. Wilson's fourney to Petra appears to have been by no means devoid of danger and hardship, but it also had its humorous side, which he related with good

also had its humorous side, which he related with good effect. Of Petra he said:

It is surrounded by lofty masses of igneous rock, chiefly porphyry, over which the variezated sandstone lies in irregular ridges or abrupt cliffs broken by deep ravinea. The valley is about 150 feet broad at the entrance, and is shut in by red sandstone cliffs, from 40 to 250 feet high. The dark openings in the walls of the temples and grottos that dot the sides, the sculptured facades hewn out of the gorgeously colored cliffs, the summits, downs and terraces covered with high masses, shown out of the ground of the place. The ravines and gorges in Petra are unequalled for picturesqueness. Little niches are cut in the rocks everywhere, for what purpose none can tell, unless for some religious ecremony. The greater number and the larger excavations were evidently intended for tombs, and in many are holescut in the walls large enough to hold several bodies. They are choked with rubbish and the interior decorations are plain, but the exteriors exhibit some of the finest and most imposing results of Greeian art. Many of the columns resemble the Corinthian order, but on account of the great deviation in form and ornament cannot be so classed. Some are Doric and are undoubtedly very ancient. All through the city the most beautiful colors are seen. Red, purple, yellow, source, black and white are found in the same mass in distinct successive layers, or blended so as to form every shade imaginable, as brilliant and as soft as the hues of tropical flowers. The red shades into pale or deep rose and flesh color, and then into violet or lline. The white is often dashed with blue or red and the vellow decreens into saffron. It is easy to imagine the effect of the tall, graceful columns, or the smooth walls or ceilings showing the most exquisite colors in regular horizontal layers; but it is difficult to describe it.

All the prominent buildings of Petra with one exception are hewn out of the solid rock. Mr. Wilson thus

All the prominent buildings of Petra with one exception are hewn out of the solid rock. Mr. Wilson thus spoke of the temple of Kusneh: "It is an incomparable ornament to architecture, parily elegant, parily straige in conception, making one think that it must be the work of several centuries, by different artists, as is the Doomo at Florence It is in a wondrous state of preservation, but the figures which once graced it, and whose nature can only be guessed at, are too much defaced for recognition. Its situation, its coloring, its size, its age, all make up enough to bewilder and entangle the toughest brain. The interior is forty feet square. The faceade is linety-six feet wide, and one of its columns broken down and gone. The columns are five feet in diameter, and seem to be solid. The color is almost wholly of a delicate rose-plank, only small portions or rnament to architecture, partly elegant, partly strange n conception, making one think that it must ngs further on in the city are. It looks now as clear and tresh as though just constructed, and yet it has no

"THE" ALLEN'S WITHOUT A LICENSE.

A number of local politicians were in the office of the Board of Excise yesterday, pleading for a renewal of "The" Allen's license, which expired last night. Mr. Allen was there on the same errand, having previously applied for a license. He said that his concert hall in Bleecker-st. had been just as respectable a place of amusement recently as it was when he received his license a year ago, and it must have been respectable then or the Commissioners would not have given the license. The Commissioners voted not to grant another license to Allen. They informed the police when the license would

had succeeded in throwing the "Black Diamond," Allen, who had been sitting serenely in the place, rose who had been sitting serenely in the place, rose and said that as the Commissioners had refused to renew his license he would sell only table beer and sarsaparilla. Then the programme was continued. To a Thurwe reporter Allen said: "I do not consider that the decision of the Commissioners compels me to close up my place, and I Intend to keep if open. I think it is very hard on me. I have looked after a lot of runaway brothers whom I have aucceeded in taming, and I have a lot of old men depending on me for support. My place is always well kept, and in the last six years there has not been a single complaint made against me. I think it unfair to freat me this way. But I shart plead the only set, I intend to fight the matter out in every legitimate way, and I expect by Monday or Tuesday to have my license renewed."

DEFENDING THE PILOTAGE SYSTEM.

The Board of Marine Underwriters has sent memorial to Congress praying that, so fur as the laws of New-York and New-Jersey are concerned, no action e taken looking to any material alteration of the present system. The memorial avers that the pilot system of this port is safely and fairly conducted, and that the pliots, under the existing discipline, have proved themselves to be skilful, prompt and attentive to their duties. The memorial is signed by the presidents of the Atlantic Mutual, Phoenix, Orient Mutual, Sun Mutual, Commercial Mutual, and Great Western Marine Companies, and by the agents of the United States Lloyds, Mutual, British and Foreign Mercantile, China Mutual, North American, Union, General of Dresden, Switzerland Maritime, Thames and Mersey, Sea, Providence-Washington, Universal Maritime, South and North Amer-ican Lloyds, National Lloyds, Union Marine, and Boston Marine Companies.

arine Companies. John D. Jones, president of the Atlantic Mutual, said: John D. Jones, president of the Aliante Sutual, said "This memorial has special reference to the bills introduced in Congress providing for the abolition of the compulsory pilotage clause, and for the transfer of pilo-age regulations to the supervision of the Federal Govern-ment, with a National Board of Pilot Commissioner he underwriters are agreed that the proposed reduction pilotage fees is too great, and that 20 per cent reduc-on would be fair and equitable to pilots and the com-

EX-SENATOR FENTON NOT A CANDIDATE.

A reporter who met ex-Senator Fenton uptown yesterday asked bim as to the track, of a late dispatch in The New-York Times from Jamestown, in which t was said that he was desirous of being a candidate for Vice-President. Mr. Fenton replied that he was in the city solely for medical treatment, that he was neither here nor elsewhere engaged in any political movement much less a candidate for any office whatever. Concerning the Post Office matter to which reference was made in the same dispatch, he said there was some strife over the appointment, but he had taken no active part, and had merely expressed his preference as other citizens of Jamestown had done. He had no feeling as to the result. The Senator expects after a little delay here to go with his family, who are here also, to Fiorida, where he will remain several months. much less a candidate for any office whatever. Concern

GERMAN-AMERICAN INDEPENDENTS.

The General Committee of the German-American Independent Citizens' Association met at Beethoven Hall, in Fifth-st., last evening, for the purpose of reorganiration. Henry G. Autenrieth presided. After several committees, appointed for the purpose of completing the organization, had made their reports, the following officers ganization, had made their reports, the following officers were elected: President, General Franz Sigel, vice-presidents, Charles Ewendt, Edward J. H. Tamsee, and E. W. Albrecht; recording secretary, August Kleinan; corresponding secretary, A. Derlich; treasurer, Dr. Schultz. Resolutions were adopted advocating Civil Service Reform, a modification of the tariff, and the abolition of patronage.

DEATH OF ENOCH METTLER.

Enoch Mettler, one of the old merchants of ew-York, died at his home near Milford, N. J., yesterday afternoon, in his seventicth year. He was born in he neighborhood of Milford, and came to New-York when a young man, engaging in the flour trade. His place of business for many years was in Peck Slip, and the business is still continued by his son, Samuel Mettler, at No. 15 Water et. Enoch Mettler retired from active business eight years ago. He leaves a widow and six children. The funeral will take place on Saturday, at 11 o'clock.

PROFESSOR YOUNG ON THE COMET.

Professor C. A. Young, of Princeton College, in Steinway Hall last night, under the auspices of the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, delivered the Church of the Strangers in this city, which was fully reported by THE TRIBUNE and published in THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE Extra No. 83.
Professor Young added some remarks about the con-

now in the western heavens. There was no doubt, he said, that it was the comet of 1812. Some surprise had been expressed in the public press at the comparative insignificance of a comer, which, when first seen, bud been unusually brilliant; but these comments were based on an usually brilliant; but these comments were based on an illusion. It was the comet of 1807 which was so magnificent. That of 1812 prescribed no startling aspects. At that time its orbit was computed at seventy-two years, but, as it was discovered in the beginning of September of The building occupied a lot 107 by 182 feet, the lease of Jacob Godbe.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—Une of the first structures etceted in the business part of the city, after the great fire of 1871, was the three-story brick building known as Exchange Block, corner of Clark and Washington sts. The building occupied a lot 107 by 182 feet, the lease of Jacob Godbe.

Chairman.

last year, it was somewhat shead of its computed time. It had acted queerly, he said, for, when first detected, it was not particularly striking; but it became brights somer than it ought, and then, instead of increasing in brilliancy, it waned. It did not develop a tail, but beside the nucleus on the side opposite to the sun there was a brush light. After waning it became bright again recently and reached its maximum of brightness a few days ago. At present it was about the apparent size of the pole-star.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

GOVERNMENT INDICATIONS. WASHINGTON, Jan. 24 .- For New-England, cloudy weather with rain turning into snow, northerly winds, falling followed by rising barometer and again fol lowed in the western portion by falling barometer, generally colder weather.

For the Middle Atlantic States, rains turning into snow, llowed by clearer colder weather, northwesterly winds, rising followed by falling barometer.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, clearing weather receded by local snows, northwesterly shifting to south westerny winds, warmer in western portion slightly colder in eastern followed by warmer weather, falling preceded in eastern portion by rising barometer.

For the Lower Lake region, local snows generally followed by clearing weather, northwesterly winds shifting to southerly, rising followed by falling barometer, warmer weather preceded in eastern portion by a slight fall in temperature.

Carrianger Signal. westerly winds, warmer in western portion slightly

Cautionary Signals. Cautionary signals continue from Eastport to New-

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS. HOURS: Morning. Night. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 910 12 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 910 12 inches 30.5

The diagram shows the harometrical variations In this city by tenshing inches. The perpendicular lines give divisions of time for the its hear percenting midnight. The treegalor white time represents the oscillational three trees are the overlikely of the superstance. The horizon to dotted the represents the variations is temperature, as indicated by the thermometer at Hadman's Pharmacay, its Boardway.

TRIBUNE OFFICE, Jan. 24.-1 a. m.-The moven in the barometer yesterday was downward. Cloudy weather prevailed with 1.10 inches of rain. The temperature ranged between 25° and 37°, the average (34°) being 1919 higher than on the corresponding day last year and 75° lower than on Wednesday.

Colder and fair weather may be expected to day in this city and vicinity.

SLUSH FOLLOWED BY ICE.

The city was furnished with an abundance of weather yesterday and all of it was most disagreeable. It was raining when the day broke and the rain was pelting away at the muddy and bespattered pedestrians when the sun went down. There had been no cessation of the rain in the interim, and the fall of water amounted to 1.1 inch. All the gutters were flooded with dirty water; ice slush and mud filled the streets and covered the cross walks; while dark muddy pools were collected around the choked sewer openings. The thermometer made this the choked sewer openings. The thermometer made this record for itself: 9 a. m., 37°; 12 m., 37°; 3:30 p. m., 36°; 6 p. m., 31°; 11 p. m., 28°. The rain gradually ceased failing after 6 p. m., and by 8:30 it had stopped entirely. Then the temperature fell rapidly and the wind, which had been blowing lessurely from northeast, freshened and veered around to the north. After 11 o'clock walking was attended with considerable danger, ice having formed on the damp pavements.

At the Signal Station on the Equitable Building it was learned that there had been heavy snow at Oswego and Rochester, N. Y., and Erle, Penn., while at Albany there was a storm of sleet. There was a general fall in the thermometer at points in western New-York, Pennsylvanta and Ohlo. In the South there were light rains and in the West the weather was clear.

SEVERE COLD AND HEAVY SNOWS.

MINNEAPOLIS, Jan. 24.-The thermometer VERGENNES, Vt., Jan. 24,-A heavy snow-storm has prevailed for twenty-four hours, with a ferce wind. The mercury has fallen sixty degrees since yesterday.

PETERBORO, Ont., Jan. 24.—The severe snow-storm yesterday blockaded the railways and to-day all trains were abandoned. The weather to-night is bitterly

THE PHILADELPHIA DEMOCRACY.

THREE HARMONIOUS CONVENTIONS-MAYOR KING AND RECEIVER HUNTER NOMINATED. PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.-The Democratic City Conventions to nominate candidates for Mayor, Re-ceiver of Taxes and City Solicitor were held this morning. The delegates were all of one mind, or so nearly so that there was no possibility of a break in the programme marked out for them. In the Mayor's Convention samuel G. King was renominated by the unanimous vote of 148 delegates. He was nominated in a brief speech by George — Dalias. When Mayor King was informed of his nomination he listened to the news in a matter-of-course sort of way, and did not even smile when he was told that he was chosen by acclamation. "You know that I have purchased the policy of silence," he said, "and that I have not sought the nomination. A committee will wait upon me from the convention, and committee will wait upon me from the convention, and after due and proper deliberation I shall reply to them. I have nothing further to say, and you understand that my position in regard to the Mayorality is the same now that it has always been."

In the convention to nominate a candidate for Receiver.

In the convention to nominate a candidate for Receiver of Taxes the delegates seemed to regard the business for which they had met as practically settled, and John Hunter, who had been nominated by the Committee of One Hundred and by the Republicans, was indorsed unanimously. In the convention to nominate a candidate for City Solicitor there was more animation, and two men were nominated. Furman Sheppard was the successful candidate, receiving 116 votes to 4 for E. Copper Muchell.

THE FUNERAL OF HIRAM RADCLIFF.

HIS FORTUNE WILL PROBABLY GO TO A NEW-YORK TENOR SINGER.

Kingston, N. Y., Jan. 24.—The funeral serices of Hiram Radeliff, the wealthy old bachelor, took place at the Reformed Church here to-day. There were only three persons in the mourners' pews-H. R. Romeyu the well-known New-York tenor, his wife and son, Charles Romeyn, the architect. Mr. Romeyn is a nephew of the deceased, and the only near relative living. It is believed there is no will, and it is said that when about to die, Mr Redeliff said to his nephew : "Hiram, all I have is yours take good care of it, as I have done." It is thought the entire property will go to Mr. Romeyn, Mr. Radeliff started in life a poor boy, and the great secret of his amassing wealth was industry, economy and saving. At times be would boast of his wealth; and on one occasion, he said, he had so many Government bonds that when he sold them for gold, with which he bought other securities, the gold was placed on a balance-scales, and outweighed his own person.

BUSINESS EMBARRASSMENTS.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24. - John Borden, a wholesale dealer in boots and shoes, at No. 239 Market-st. has made an assignment to Josiah R. Adams. Mr. Bor den's sales were mainly on account of the Eastern mann facturers. He refuses to make any statement of his liabili ties or assets. Judgments amounting to \$19,000 were to-day entered

Judgments amounting to \$19,000 were to-day caterior against Leopoid Steiner, a shoe dealer, in Germantownave. The judgment creditors are Gunniss, Barrett & Co., shoe auctioneers.

The financial embarrassment of Heald & Jones, manufacturers of carriages, was announced to-day. Judgment for \$6,000 was entered against the firm and in favor of Malcolin Lloyd and William M. Coatea. It was stated that a judgment for \$8,000 had also been entered in favor of Mr. Heald's father.

KANSAS CITY PASSENGER RATES.

CHICAGO, Jan. 24.—The general passenger agents of the Kansas City lines met here to-day to consider the subject of forming a new agreement covering the passenger traffic from Kansas City, the old agreement having been rendered voidable by the recent with drawal of the Burlington Line. The Alton and the Rock Island lines suggested a renewal and the Rock Island lines suggested a renewal of what practically amounted to the old agreement, but the Burlington refused to consider the proposition. The latter insists that a new clause shall be added, to the effect that no cut of any description can be made without the consent of every line signing the agreement. Before closing an agreement covering rates from Kausaa City, the Burlington also demands that a similar agreement shall be entered into covering rates from Chicago to Kansas City. Pending a discussion of these propositions the conference adjourned until to-morrow.

FAVORING A STATE PRINTING OFFICE.

ALBANY, Jan. 24.-The State Trades Assembly to-day elected the following officers: President, Walter N. Thayer, of Troy; first vice-president, E. J. King. of New-York; second vice-president, William Thomas, of Buffalo; secretary, James Malley, of Rochester; treasa lecture on "Meteors and Cometa." It was substantially the same lecture that he delivered in February, 1883, at S. Page, of Lansingburg. A report was adopted favoring the passage of a bill establishing a Government printing office in Albany. A lively discussion followed on a proposition to perfect a political organization separate from the present political ordies. A scene of general confusion ensued, during which a recess was taken.

A NEW OPERA HOUSE FOR CHICAGO. CHICAGO, Jan, 24 .- One of the first structures

pany for the erection of an present building. The plans high and with three fronts, will be \$600,000. PATRICK FORD'S EMERGENCY FUND.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24 .- The Commercial Gazette will publish to morrow an open letter from John Byrus, Vloe-President of the Irish National League of America, to Patrick Ford, editor of The Irish World, taking strong exceptions to Ford's call "an emergency fund," to be subject "an emergency fund," to be subject to his judgment alone without accountability, for the purpose of waging war with England. Mr. Byrne claims that such a course as this fund implies would be regarded by all civilized nations as guerilla warfare, revolting to the belligerent uses of the age, and that they would be bound from self-interest to assist England in crushing it. He protests against Ford and Rossa and that class fixing a standard by which ninety-five per cent of the Irishmen and Irish politics shall be measured. Mr. Byrne closes by saying that he believes he can rely upon a majority of the Irish element in America, including the business and the professional classes, to support this declaration.

A LOTTERY MANAGER ARRESTED. Louisville, Jan. 24 .- J. J. Douglas, manager of the Henry County lottery, was arrested to-day by General Edgerton, chief inspector of the United States Postal Service, charged with violating the postal laws by sending lottery circulars through the mails. Douglas gave bonds and was released.

RUMORS ABOUT BAYONNE OFFICIALS.

Bayonne is in a state of agitation on account of rumors that there have been defalcations in some of the departments. Mr. Yalden, the expert who unearthed the extensive frauds in Newark, has been engaged for some time in making an investigation of the affairs of Bayonne, and he made a partial report to the Council at its last meeting. The Council went into secret session and it was difficult to obtain any information as to the tenor of the report. It was stated privately, however, that P. I. Smith, the City Treasurer, was short in his accounts to the extent of about \$30,000; but that his bondsmen would make the deficiency good if they had not already done so. It is alleged that there are some city bonds missing and that the treasurer is short in his cash account. Mr. Smith has been treasurer ten years, receiving \$1,500 a year. He kept the city funds either in his pocket or in a bank to his own account. Whenever he was called upon to pay a claim he paid it in eash or with his own check. It is said by his friends that he is not an expert bookkeeper, and if any discrepancies appear in his accounts they are merely errors which he can and will make good.

The rumors also embraced City Collector Van Buskirk, who has sent in his resignation, assigning as a reason for the step that he is about to go into business. The rumor carring the collector as a defaulter could not be verified. The treasurer and collector were both attending to their duties as usual yesterday. Whether the rumors are true or not, a new method of paying out money has been adopted. A check is now required to have the signature of both the Mayor and treasurer, instead of the treasuralone, as has been the practice heretofore. would make the deficiency good if they had not already

Lundborg's Perture, Edema. Lundborg's Pertume, Marechal Niel Ross.

Landborg's Perfume, Alpine Violet. Lundborg's Pertume, Lity of the Valley.

Two experienced physicians of the Swift Specific Com-puty, Atlanta, Ga., have located at No. 159 West Twenty-third-st., and will be pleased to see all who are addicted with

MARRIED.

MARKIED.

the residence of the bride's parents, by the itey. Howard Crosby, D. D., Lillie Archer, daughter of George Pancoast, to Frank Edward Biles, all of New-York City.

HART—SMITH—On Wednessiny, January 16, at the residence of the bride's parents, Etglargort, Conn., by the Rev. John Lyon, Stephen F. Hart, of New-York, to Mary Florence, daughter of Samuel F. Smith, esq.

RUDD—SKEER—On Wednesday, January 23, at the residence of the bride's parents, at Chicago, iii., by the Rev. Thomas Green, Kate N., danghter of Dr. John D. Skeer, to Robert S. Rudd, of New-York.

Rudd, of New-York.

LOCKE-D-D ESTE-January 17, at the residence of the bride's
aunt, Mrs. Houart Cleveland, East Orange, N. J., by the
Rev. H. S. Hashop, rector of Christ Church, Mary Colemna
Locke to Julian d' Este, both of Boston, Mass. WATSON-KNIGHT-In Brooklyn, on the 23d inst., at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. D. C. Eddy, D. D. Joseph Spencer Watson to E. Frances, daughter of William Knight, all of Brooklyn.

DIED.

ANDREWS-At Stamford, Conn., January 22, 1834, Sphil Ann Amirews, widow of the late Colonel Solomon, Andrews, and mother of George P. Andrews, in her 72d year. BEAN-In Colorado Springs, Colorado, January 23, the Rev. David M. Bean, in the 62d year of his age. David M. Bean, in the 52d year of his age.

BLAKSLEE—On January 23, 1884, in this city, Mary A. Bisksiee, aged 60 years.

Funeral Saturday beat, from her late residence, 17 Crotonave, Sing Sing, N.Y.

Canadian papers please copy.

COFFIN-In Brooklyn, at the residence of her daughter, Mrr. F. S. Mathews, on the 24th bast. Elizabeth C. Collin, in the Sist year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Nantucket papers please copy.

GILLELAN—Suddonly, on Wednesday, 23d inst., at Lakewood, N. J., Join Gillelan.

Pinneral services from residence of his brother-in-law, P. D. Kopper, No. 251 West 133d-st., to-day (Friday) at 1 p. m.

Please omit flowers.

Please onth lowers.

HTBBA16D—At Elizabeth, N. J., on Tuesday, January 32, 1884, Clementina M. Bartlett, wife of Dr. R. F. Hibbard, of Brocklyn, in the 75th year of her ago.

Funeral services on Friday, at 2 p m., in the New-England Congregational Church, South 5th-8t, mear 5th-8t, Brooklyn, E. D.

Burtai private. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at his late residence, on saturday, the 26th inst., st.

MASON—At Detroit, Mich., on the 22d inst, Charles Edward Mason, son of the late Lorenzo M. Mason, esq., or Detroit. MOORE—On January 10, at the residence of her grandfather, Samuel H. Moore, 1,508 Michiganave, chicago, Helene Anna, daughter of 14a L. and V. Munford Moore, jr., of Ravenswood, Ill., aged 2 years, 6 months and 17 days.

Havenswood, III. aged 2 years, 6 months and 17 days.

PLATT-On Thursday morning, January 24, 1884, at Metricher, N. J. Mary E., widow of the late William II. Platt,
Funeral at Owego, N. Y., on Saturday, January 26, 84 2 p. m.

REQUA-in Brooklyn, on Wednesday, January 23, Mary Ana

Requa, wildow of the late Austin Requa, forwerly of Morrisfown, N. J., in the 80d year of her ago.

Puneral services at the residence of Mr. B. L. Hannah, No.

109 Albany-ave., Brooklyn, on Friday, 25th inst., at 2:30

p. m.

Interment at Morristown.

RANDOLPH—At Yonkers, N. Y., on Thursday morning, January 28, Emille F., daughter of Emille and the late Carmia F. Randelph.

Funeral services will be held at her home, Saturday afternoon, January 26, at 3:15 p. m.

Carriages will meet the 2 o'clock train from 12d-st.

Interneut at Easton. Penn., on Monday.

RADCLIFF—At Kingston. N. Y., January 22, 1884, Hiram Radelinf, age 79 years.

RUSSELL—At his residence in this city on Monday, January 21, Charles H. Russell, in the 88th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at 8t. Bartholomew's Church. Interment at Morristown.

21. Charles H. Russell, in the S8th year of his age.
Funeral services will be held at St. Bartholomew's Church,
corner of Madison-ave, and 44th-st., on Friday morning,
January 25, at 10 o'clock.

January 25, at 10 o'clock.

SHEDDEN-At his residence, 2,039 7th ave, Tuesday, January 22, John W. Shedden.

Puneral services Friday. January 25, at St. James M. B. Church, Madison-ave, and 120th-st., at 2 o'clock p. m. SCHENCK-On Tuesday, 22d Inst., Abraham H. Schenek. aged 42 years
Funeral at 200 West 23dest. Friday morning, January 25, as
10 o'clock.
Newburg, Fishkill and Englewood papers picase copy.

Notice of fineral hereafter.

TOWNSEND-Paris, France, January 6, George Embres
Townsend, formerly of this city, and youngest son of the late
Peter Townsend, of Orange County.

Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his
Inneral, from Trimity Chapel, Friday, January 25, at 10:89

a. m.

Special Notices

Artistic Memorials.

The NEW ENGLAND GRANITE WORKS, Hartford, Coll.
Quarries and Workshops, Westerly, R. L.
Fine menumental and building work in Grunts. Drawings and estimates furnished without glangs. Correspondence sul

Office Commissioners Rapid Transit,
Transit,
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Transit,
Rapid Transit will continue to receive, orally or in writing,
plans, suggestions and other communications, in relation to
the location of a route or routes, and the construction and
operation of a Steam Italiway or Railways in the City and
County of New-York, daily at 330 p. m., at their office, in the
Tribune Building, until the 1st day of February, 1884.

Acting Secretary.

Post Office Notice.

Letters for Europe need not be apectally directed for Hapatch by any particular steamer in order to secure apects divery at destination, as differential maintains as a second by the lastest vessels available.

Foreign mains for the week ending January 26 will close as this office as tollows.

SATURDAY—As do not for Secotland direct, per s. s. Circustant to the second main for the second maintains for the week conting January 26 will close as all thangow; at 11 a. m. for Germany, etc., per s. s. Admin, via Southampton and Bremen delears for Great Britain and other Europe, and the Europe, per s. s. Admine, the Company of the second maintains of the Company of the continuous and the second with the continuous and further into the continuo

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Arable (vin San Franches).

Brutin Ault for Australia.

Arable (vin San Franches).

Brutin San Franches).

Arable (vin San Franches).

Brutin San Franches).

Close for your vin San Franches).

Close for your vin Arable (vin Australia).

The schedule of closure of trans-Pacific mails is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland tra-sit to San Francisco. Mans from the East arriving on first as San Francisco on the day of salling of steamers are dispatched thence the same day. Post Omes, New York, N. Y., January 1s, 1884.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Rendy This Morning.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

Price in wrapper (ready for mailing), 3 cents per copy. One copy, one year, \$2.50; ten copies and an expa, \$2.0. Fosinge in all cases free to the subscriber.

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